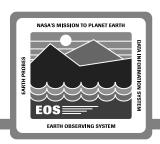


# Interfaces to MSS Yanamandra Sastry

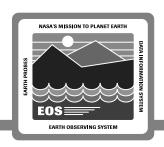
Developers Workshop 30 May 1995

### Roadmap



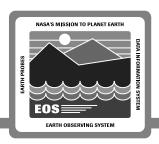
- The MSS Role
- The Requirements
- How is Monitoring done?
- How is Control done?
- How is the instrumentation done?
- What does the application developer need to do?
- The MSS Header File
- The Development Scenario
- ECS Application Setup at Run-Time
- Run-Time Scenario Event Logging
- Run-Time Scenario Notification

### The MSS Role



- MSS is responsible for the management (monitor and control) of ECS resources (networks, systems and applications)
- What is monitored?
  - Health and status of ECS resources
  - Functional areas of Performance, Fault, Accountability & Security
- What is controlled?
  - Real-time configuration management of networks, systems and server applications
    - Startup
    - Shutdown
    - Suspend
    - Resume

## The Requirements



Four generic requirements for communications between MSS and ECS applications:

- 1) Event Logging one way (from application to MSS)
  - Start/End of product generation
  - Data Delivery Complete
- 2) Notification one way (to application from MSS)
  - Production string unavailable due to hardware error
- 3) Lookup bidirectional (called by application)
  - Retrieve User Profile for Order Shipping Address
- 4) Instrumentation bidirectional (called by MSS)
  - MSS has defined generic instrumentation
    - suspend, resume, etc
  - Application developers need to work with MSS to help identify instrumentation specific to their application/subsystem
    - # orders processed, # browses, # searches, # products delivered

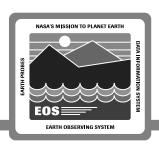
# How is monitoring done?



- Monitoring is done in two ways:
  - By collecting information ABOUT managed objects (Passive or non-intrusive data collection - no impact on developer)
    - UNIX commands
    - Other utilities
  - By collecting information FROM managed objects
     (Active or intrusive data collection active developer participation)

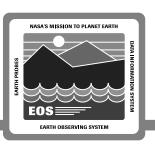
     (This is static, and must be developed a-priori)
    - Accomplished via instrumentation of the managed object
    - Applications must be developed to:
      - Provide information on events that generate management data
      - Respond to instrumentation (generic & specific) requests from MSS
      - COTS need to be "wrapped" to provide control

### How is control done?



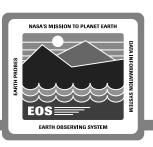
- Accomplished via instrumentation
- Application must be instrumented to respond to control requests
- COTS need to be "wrapped" to provide control
- The interface to MSS is consistent in either case

### How is the instrumentation done?



- Needs active participation of the developers
- MSS will define generic instrumentation
  - suspend, resume, etc
- Developers need to define specific instrumentation
  - # orders, # searches, # browses, etc
- What is available from MSS?
  - A header file, "MSSOBJECT.H", to include in source file for application development
  - An object library, "MSSOBJECT.O", to link with, for routines MSS will provide
  - Insulates the developer from changes in the underlying MSS protocol

### What do developers need to do?

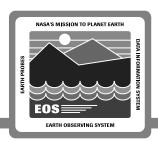


- Define/Identify special instrumentation where required
- Work with MSS to develop the information model
  - e.g., dependencies/rules for startup/restart
- Supply action routines to be invoked in response to events
- Based on this, MSS will provide the class definitions
- Use MSS-provided classes for necessary instrumentation
- Details on the MSS classes to follow

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

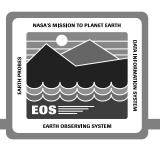
- OODCE is available on all ECS managed hosts
- All servers being developed are OODCE servers

### The MSS Header File



```
Class MSSObject
 public:
void MSSEvent(....);
void MSSNotify(char*,...);
void ApplicationRequestAndResponse(char*...);
long AgentRequestAndResponseInt(...);
char* AgentRequestAndResponseStr(char*, ...);
void SetNotifyCallBack( void (* NotifyCallBack)(char *));
void SetInstrumentationCallBackString(char * (*InstrumentationCallBackStr)(char *
));
void SetInstrumentationCallBackInteger(long (*InstrumentationCallBackInt)(char*));
```

# The Development Scenario



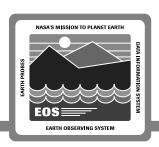
- 1) Write the callback functions for Notifications and Instrumentation. These need to be jointly developed with MSS since they are shared.
- 2) Instantiate the MSS Object
- 3) Register the callback functions with the MSSObject
- 4) Register the MSSObject with ESO (specialized GSO)

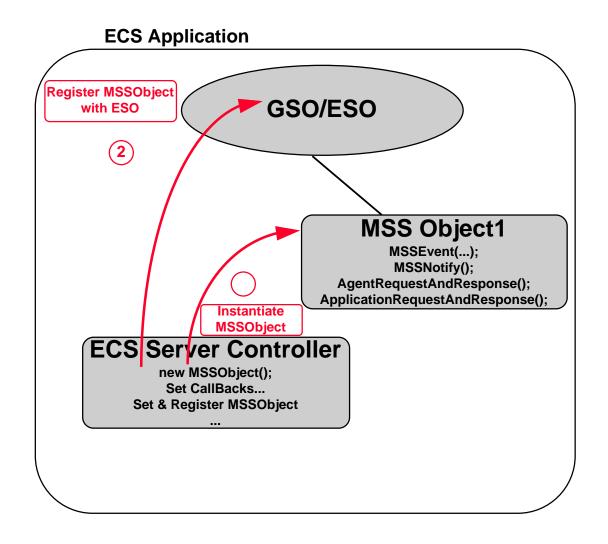
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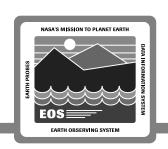
n) Listen on the management interface for MSS queries

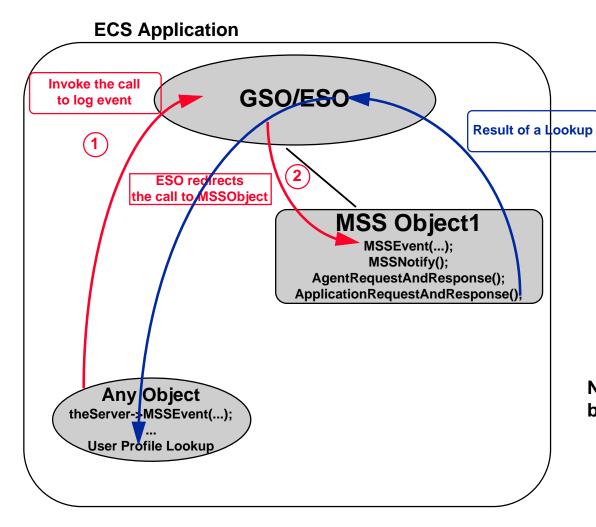
# **ECS Application setup at run-time**





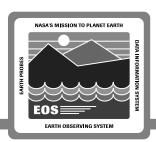
# Run-Time Scenario - Event Logging





NOTE: Lookup is identical, but the call returns data values

### **Run-Time Scenario - Notification**



#### **ECS Application**

